EXHIBIT U

To Declaration of Micah West in Support of Motion for Preliminary Injunction & Motion for Class Certification



PRETRIAL SERVICES AGENCY for the DISTRICT of COLUMBIA

Release Rates for Pretrial Defendants within Washington, DC

The Pretrial Services Agency for the District of Columbia (PSA) assists judicial officers in both the Superior Court of the District of Columbia and the United States District Court for the District of Columbia by conducting a risk assessment for every arrested person who will be charged in court, identifying detention eligibility, and formulating the appropriate release recommendation. This recommendation is based upon a number of factors, including the arrestee's demographic information, criminal history, and substance use and/or mental health information. For defendants who are placed on conditional release pending trial, PSA provides supervision and treatment services that reasonably assure they return to court and do not engage in criminal activity pending trial and/or sentencing. In Washington, DC, we consistently find over 90% of defendants are released pretrial without using a financial bond.

Fundamental to the proper interpretation of the overall release rate is an understanding of the potential "release points" during the life of a case. There are two primary points tracked in our data: "initial detention/release" and "subsequent release." Fiscal Year (FY) 2016 data (as of March 6, 2017) is used to demonstrate release rate calculation procedures. This data is obtained electronically from CourtView, the case management system of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia.

The initial detention/release point occurs at an arrestee's initial appearance before a judicial officer at arraignment or presentment. At this first appearance, the arrestee can be detained pursuant to one or more of DC's statutory preventive detention provisions, placed on conditional release with PSA supervision, or released on personal recognizance (PR) with no PSA supervision. All releases resulting from this first appearance are collectively referred to as "initial release." For FY 2016, the initial release rate for all cases (felony and misdemeanor) was 84%.

The remaining 16% of cases resulted in detention under one or more provisions of the preventive detention statute. We refer to this as "initial detention." Under DC law, detained defendants are entitled to a hearing within three to five days of initial appearance to determine whether there are conditions of release that will reasonably assure the defendant's future court appearance and public safety. The result of this hearing can be continued detention, release to PR or PSA supervision, or dismissal of the charge. For FY 2016, of the 16% initially detained defendants, 64% of the defendants were subsequently released, most at the time of the detention hearing. In some cases, subsequent release can occur later during the pretrial period but prior to case disposition (e.g., if a felony case is not indicted within the statutory timeframe).

When the initial and subsequent release rates are examined collectively, 94.33% of cases result in defendants being released pretrial. The remaining 5.66% of cases resulted in detention until disposition of the case.

During FY 2016, a total of 20,880 criminal cases were filed. The table below shows the ultimate detention/release status for each case:

	Felony		Misdemeanor		Total	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Cases Filed	4,496	100%	16,384	100%	20,880	100%
Initially Released	2,177	48.42%	15,434	94.20%	17,611	84.34%
Initially Detained	2,319	51.58%	950	5.80%	3,269	15.65%
Subsequently	1,373	59.20%	714	75.15%	2,087	63.84%
Released						
Total Released	3,550	78.95%	16,148	98.56%	19,698	94.33%
Pretrial						
Total Held	946	21.04%	236	1.44%	1,182	5.66%
Pretrial						